

TRUE OR FALSE?

1. F The Renaissance began in the early 1300's in England
The Renaissance began in Italy.
2. T A patron is a wealthy person or family who financially supports the arts or particular artists by buying and commissioning art work.
3. T Lorenzo de' Medici was the powerful banker and lover of art who started a special school for sculptors in Florence.
4. F Da Vinci was famous for sculpting such masterpieces as the *Pieta* and *David*.
Michelangelo was famous for sculpting the Pieta and David.
5. F During Columbus' time, Spain and France were two rival countries with the most powerful fleets that ruled the seas.
Spain and Portugal were the two rival countries with the most powerful fleets that ruled the seas.
6. T King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella of Spain sponsored Columbus' expedition across the Atlantic.
7. F The three ships that Columbus used for his expedition were the *Niña*, the *Pinta*, and the *Saint Christopher*.
The third ship was called The Santa Maria.
8. T Francis Drake was an English adventurer who challenged Spanish dominion of the seas and raided many of Spain's ships.
9. T Montezuma was a king of the Aztec empire.
10. F Machu Picchu was a beautiful Aztec city carved into the side of a mountain.
Machu Picchu was the beautiful Inca city.
11. F In the Renaissance time, there was little difference in the homes of the wealthy as compared to the homes of ordinary people.
There was a vast difference.
12. T While meditating on different portions of God's Word, Martin Luther realized that salvation was not possible through any works he did but through faith in Christ's work done for him on the cross.
13. T Martin wrote ninety-five concerns about the wrong teachings of the church. They were called the Ninety-Five Theses.
14. F William of Orange, a nobleman who ruled over the northern provinces of the Netherlands, was also known as William the Proud.
William of Orange was also known as William the Silent.
15. F Inquisitors were men sent by the emperor Philip II to ask the Dutch people about how to make dikes and windmills.
Inquisitors interrogated the Dutch about their beliefs. Those who listened to Protestant teachings and read their Bibles in Dutch were imprisoned and killed.