

SHORT ANSWER

Tak	ke 15 minutes to answer the first 15 questions, each worth 1 point.
1.	What caused the Pilgrims to leave England to flee to Holland?
2.	The was the first written constitution penned in America. It formed the basis for many
	other early governmental documents in Colonial America.
3.	The principal causes of the English Civil War were both and
	Whereas the northern colonies were largely settled by who wanted to escape persecution
	under the English crown, Virginia was called "Old Dominion" because it was peopled mostly by aristocratic
	who came to America in order to escape from Puritan rule during the English Civil War.
5.	During the rise of absolutism, kings began to gain power as various forces weakened the powers of popes and nobility
	Name three of these forces.
6.	of Russia reorganized and built a standing army, created a navy, and built a new capital, St.
	Petersburg, near a warm-water port.
7.	are individuals who believe that God exists and created the world with self-governing laws
	but has no further relationship with it.
8.	From his observations of English government, came to the conclusion that government
	should be equally divided between three branches: legislative, executive, and judicial. This view greatly affected the
	formation of the U.S. Constitution.
9.	Clashes between England and France in Europe contributed to their rivalry in North America. Most of the French
	were in their religious persuasion, and the majority of the English were
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	From 1689 to 1697, was waged in North America. This struggle grew out of the conflict in
	Europe known as the War of the League of Augsburg.
11.	grew out of the conflict in Europe known as the War of the Spanish Succession and was
	fought between 1702 and 1713.
12.	From 1744 to 1748, was waged in North America. This struggle grew out of the conflict in
	Europe known as the War of the Austrian Succession.
	Name the three great absolutist rulers of the eighteenth century who ruled in continental Europe.
14.	Leaders of the Age of Reason developed the, with its emphasis on
	repeatable experimentation and careful observation.
15.	was the monarch who succeeded Anne of Great Britain to the throne; he founded the Eng-
	lish House of

DEFINITION QUESTIONS

Take 10 minutes to answer these 5 questions, each worth 2 points.

- 16. Who was Oliver Cromwell?
- 17. Who was William Bradford, and what were his contributions as an early colonial leader?
- 18. What was the Glorious Revolution, and why was it called this?
- 19. Define "absolutism."
- 20. Define "constitutionalism."



TIME LINE

Using the shorthand labels provided, take 10 minutes to fill in the blank time line sheet on the next page with these 20 dates, each worth 0.5 points.

EVENT	Shorthand Label
First Great Awakening	First Great Awakening
Jamestown is founded under the sponsorship of the London Company.	Jamestown Founded
English Civil War	English Civil War
Charles I is tried and beheaded for treason.	Charles I Beheaded
Puritans found Massachusetts Bay Colony under John Winthrop.	Massachusetts Bay Colony
Glorious Revolution: William and Mary come to English throne	Glorious Revolution
Thirty Years' War	Thirty Years' War
Louis XIV, the "Sun King," rules France.	Louis XIV Rules
English Bill of Rights limits the power of the monarchy.	English Bill of Rights
Connecticut colony adopts the Fundamental Orders.	Fundamental Orders of CT
Maria Theresa rules Austria.	Maria Theresa Rules
Period of the restoration of Charles II to the throne of England	English Restoration
Roger Williams founds Providence.	Providence Founded
Plymouth Colony is founded by the Separatists or "Pilgrims."	Plymouth Colony Founded
Catherine II rules Russia.	Catherine II Rules
Queen Anne rules Britain.	Queen Anne Rules
Peter I rules Russia.	Peter I Rules
Massachusetts colonists and Indians fight King Philip's War.	King Philip's War
Oliver Cromwell rules England in the "Protectorate."	English Protectorate
Forty-one colonists sign the Mayflower Compact.	Mayflower Compact

Rhetoric

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GEOGRAPHY

Take 15 minutes to label and shade the map with these 30 items, each worth 0.5 points.

- Connecticut
- Delaware
- Georgia
- Maryland
- Massachusetts
- New Hampshire
- New Jersey
- New York
- North Carolina
- Pennsylvania
- Rhode Island
- South Carolina
- Virginia
- Annapolis
- Boston
- Dover
- Jamestown
- New York
- Philadelphia
- Portsmouth, NH
- Plymouth

- Savannah
- Long Island
- Cape Cod Bay
- Chesapeake Bay
- Delaware River
- Hudson River
- Narragansett Bay
- Susquehanna River
- Shade the northern, middle, and southern colonies with three different colors.





Essay Questions

Take 25 minutes to answer one of these questions, worth 20 points.

- 1. Significant advances were made in many scientific fields during the Age of Reason. Detail the advances made during this period in two of the following fields: astronomy, mathematics, or physics.
- 2. Choose one of the following colonies and show how its founding was unique: Virginia, Massachusetts (Plymouth), Pennsylvania, or Georgia. What were the reasons for its founding? What unique circumstances, people, and places affected its founding?

Take 45 minutes to answer one of these questions, worth 30 points.

- 1. When the colonists came to America, their culture met and clashed with that of the Native Americans. Write a cause and effect essay that looks at the nature of this clash. What inherent differences or similarities caused the clash? What events either contributed to the conflict or helped to bring peace? What were the results of this cultural clash? Use specific examples from colonial history to support your views.
- 2. Compare and contrast the rise of absolutism in England with the rise of absolutism in France and Russia. In which country was the monarch's power least limited, and why? What similar circumstances produced similar results, and what differing circumstances produced unique results?