

FILL IN THE BLANKS

10 questions (10 points each)

1. Background information that consists of dialogue, description, etc. that gives the reader an understanding of the situation in the literary work is called the exposition 
2. The literary term for showing or indicating beforehand is foreshadowing 
3. The pattern of events in a narrative or drama is called the plot 
4. The representation of abstract ideas or principles by characters, figures, or events in narrative, dramatic, or pictorial form is called allegory 
5. Following the climax of the plot, loose ends are wrapped up. This is called the denouement 
6. The protagonist  is the main character in a literary work.
7. A metaphor  is a figure of speech in which a term or phrase is applied to something to which it is not literally applicable in order to suggest a resemblance.
8. The point in the literary work in which a definite conclusion is reached is called the resolution 
9. The decisive moment that is a turning point in the plot is called the climax 
10. The conflict  is the opposition between characters or forces in such a way that the plot is shaped.