## SHORT ANSWER

Take 10 minutes to answer these questions.

- 1. Which of the Anabaptists' beliefs incited the most persecution against them?
- 2. Where was John Calvin originally born?
- 3. After Germany, name one of the countries that was touched by the Reformation early on.
- 5. Calvin had a profound effect on \_\_\_\_\_\_ philosophies. While he agreed with Luther that no one is saved by works, he was just as strong in his assertion that no justified man lacks works. Because of his focus on God's sovereignty, he taught that no earthly institution has absolute authority and spoke against the arbitrary tyranny of monarchs. His influence was the key factor in the development of \_\_\_\_\_\_ monarchies.
- 6. Henry VIII wanted a male heir in order to help ensure that the Tudor family would continue to control the throne and to prevent any fighting over his successor. In order to achieve this, he married \_\_\_\_\_\_ wives in succession, and had \_\_\_\_\_\_ surviving children by them, all of whom ruled.
- 8. During his reign, Henry VIII built up a strong \_\_\_\_\_\_ of fighting ships. He also presided over a major government \_\_\_\_\_\_ that helped set the stage for England's development into a leading world power.
- 9. Name two of Henry VIII's wives.
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_ made Lutheranism the established religion of Sweden.

## ESSAY QUESTION

Take 20 minutes to answer one of these questions.

- 1. In a well-structured paragraph, name and describe one of the doctrines that formed the core of Reformation teaching, in that all the Reformers agreed upon their centrality, regardless of other doctrinal differences. Include an analysis of why the doctrine was so important to the Reformers.
- 2. "Christians should be involved in politics as an expression of service, care, and personal responsibility before God to steward His resources here on Earth." Assess the validity of this statement.