THE REFORMATION: MARTIN LUTHER AND THE GERMAN STATES

SHORT ANSWER

Take 10 minutes to answer these questions. Define indulgence. 1. 2. Define synergism. Define monergism. 3. Define antinomianism. 4. , Luther posted the on the door of the Wittenberg Castle 5. Church, which acted as the university's bulletin board. Based on his reading of the Gospels and the Letters of Saint Paul, Luther came to believe that people are justified 6. solely through _____ in God's promise that Christ died for their salvation. Luther argued from Scripture that man is not justified through In 1521, Luther was given a hearing before Holy Roman Emperor Charles V at _______, Germany. At the hearing before Charles V, Luther refused to ______ his criticisms against the church's prac-8. tice of indulgences. 9. In January 1521, excommunicated Luther and declared him a heretic. What was the Augsburg Confession? 10.

ESSAY QUESTION

Take 20 minutes to answer one of these questions.

- 1. What political, cultural, and religious conditions in Germany combined to favor Luther's attempts at reform?
- 2. How was the Reformation the child of the Renaissance? Support your answer with three facts from your studies.